New Mexico Library Bulletin

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Vol. XII    JULY, 1943    No. 3

Biennial Report State Library Commission

State Library Association

Nominations for Officers, 1943-1944

News Notes of New Mexico Libraries

Notes for Librarians

Law Library Section
STATE LIBRARY COMMISSION

Mrs. Julia Brown Asplund, Chairman.
Mrs. Burton G. Dwyre, Vice-Chairman.
Mrs. Joseph Hyman.
Mrs. W. Grover Murphy.
Mr. Raymond Huff.
Mrs. Irene S. Peck, Executive Secretary and Director State Library Extension Services.
Arie Poldervaart, President, State Library Association.

The State Library Extension Service was created for the purpose of making books available to the people of the state having no library facilities. Collections of books are loaned to schools, libraries or responsible groups for three months. Individuals may borrow books for three weeks. For further information write the director.

Commission Appointments

The Governor has reappointed all members of the State Library Commission serving the next biennium.

At the meeting of the commission on July 29th it was voted that Mrs. Asplund and Mrs. Byrns should continue in the offices which they have held so ably for the past two years.

Nominees for State Library Association Officers

Arie Poldervaart, president of the State Library Association, appointed Mrs. W. Grover Murphy, Salome Anthony and Irene S. Peck to act as nominating committee for Association officers. The committee met on July 29th and prepared the following slate:

For President—
Mary Brindley, Reference Librarian, University of New Mexico.
Hazel Petty, High School Librarian, Portales.

Vice-President—
Ivy Kate Henry, Librarian, New Mexico State Teachers College.
Evelyn Shuler, Librarian, Public Library, Raton.

Secretary—
Salome Anthony, Librarian, Public Library, Santa Fe.

Treasurer—
Elise Rosenwald, Assistant Librarian, College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.
Louise Hamilton, Librarian, Public Library, Roswell.
Association Editor—
Minnie Shurtleff, High School Librarian, Albuquerque.
Ruth E. Rambo, Assistant Librarian, State Library Extension Service.

In view of the fact that there will be no annual Association meeting this year, the executive committee, as authorised by the Association at the last meeting, has outlined the following procedure for the selection of officers for the coming year.

Two names for each office are presented above. Additional nominations may be made by any member in good standing for the year 1943. Such nominations should be mailed to the Association secretary, Miss Leslie Murphy, Museum of New Mexico, Santa Fe, on or before September 20th. The secretary will thereupon mail individual ballots to all members. Ballots should be returned to the secretary not later than two weeks after the receipt of same. After the ballots are counted the executive committee will meet to count the ballots and declare the results of the election which will be announced in the next issue of the Bulletin therefor published.

REPORT OF THE STATE LIBRARY COMMISSION

Fourth Biennium—1941-1943.

Honorable John J. Dempsey
Governor of New Mexico.

The Capitol
Santa Fe, New Mexico

My dear Governor Dempsey:

We beg to submit the following report of the work of the State Library Commission and the State Library Extension Service during the past biennium.

The first year of the then newly created State Library Commission was largely one of organization and planning, endeavoring to find out the most urgent needs of libraries and communities, and of making known the duties and objectives of the Commission. To further these ends the executive secretary or a member of the Commission talked to district meetings of the State Federation of Women's Clubs, to P. T. A. and adult education groups, and to service clubs and other organizations. A state library conference was also held to bring both professional and lay persons interested in the improvement and extension of library service together. Sixty-five people from all parts of the state attended the conference.

Since the beginning of the war, the Commission has made every effort to coordinate its work and that of the Extension Service with the war program. Two phases of library work have been emphasized, the importance of books to our citizens in helping them understand war and post-war problems, in aiding their adjustment to war-time living, and as recreation and relaxation in a time of great nervous tension, and the obligation to provide books for study and for recreation to men in the armed services stationed in New Mexico.

Mrs. Julia Brown Asplund, chairman of the State Library Commission was appointed by the State Office of Civilian Defense to act as chairman of the state "Volunteers in Library Service" program, which included library service to army camps as well as the training of library volunteers. Mrs. Asplund also was made chairman of library service in the County Council of Defense. A War Service Division was formed in the State Library Extension Service completing the consolidation of all state efforts to meet the war emergency situation in library service. Mrs. Asplund also represented the libraries of the state on the Committee for the Preservation of Cultural Resources. Letters were sent to all libraries asking a report on any valuable collections, files of old newspapers, archives, paintings or other material of value culturally or historically.

Two hundred and two dollars and forty cents was given to the Commission by the Grand Lodge of the Masons, the state Daughters of the American Revolution, the Stephen Watts Kearney Chapter, D. A. R. and the War Service Committee of the Santa Fe Woman's Club to be used in buying books for service men.

One of the goals of the Commission has been the raising of standards in both schools and public libraries. Standards for high school libraries were formed by the schools section of the New Mexico Educational Association and approved by the State Library Commission. Following their approval by the State Board of Education a meeting was held at the University of New Mexico to set up elementary library courses for teacher-librarians which would be uniform in all state institutions offering such classes. It was understood that these courses were not to be considered a substitute for professional training in an accredited school but were intended for the teacher who must also administer the school library.

One of the duties of the Commission is to give aid to libraries in all parts of the state. This year it was able to help in preserving the budgets of three libraries when cuts would have meant their near extinction. Letters were sent to all municipal and county school superintendents, editors, librarians and chairmen of library boards urging that library budgets be maintained since libraries can make an important contribution toward citizen morale and toward community participation in the war program.

The State Library Extension Service, through which much of the work of the Commission is executed, was organized twelve years previous to the creation of the Commission, which now acts as its supervisory board. New Mexico with its small and scattered
rural population whose units of support are too small to provide adequate local libraries has great need of a strong, central library with a large and well balanced book collection which can be used to supplement the small local collections. Many of the little local libraries were made possible by the faithful work of a small group of women, whose funds are very limited and who have little and sometimes no help from local municipalities. Such libraries borrow large collections regularly from the Extension Service. There are other places where one person makes herself responsible for a collection so that people in her community may have books available to them. About a third of the work done by the Extension Library is concerned with the rural schools, most of whose libraries are extremely meager.

The Extension Service is housed in the Museum of New Mexico where it was originally established. As the work has grown and the book collection increased the library has become very crowded. Working space, especially a workroom for packing of boxes and packing materials, is badly needed. Additional shelving for books will soon be imperative.

With only two professionally trained people on the staff and with rapidly changing clerical and wage help, the expanded activities of the Extension Service have been difficult to carry out. New activities have been brought about by the war. Work with army camps and U.S.O. clubs in the state, two Victory Book campaigns, classes in "Volunteers in Library Service," have demanded a great deal of extra time and work.

Because recreational facilities are so limited in our small towns, the State Library Commission has felt that adequate libraries for service men stationed here are particularly important. The value of the service is also recognized by army personnel is shown in a letter recently received from a Base Librarian which ends "This Army Air Base is the finest in having a State Library Commission so interested in the morale building of the soldiers stationed there." There may not be any reports on the values and benefits derived by the men, you may be assured that great results will come from such an undertaking.

Collections of books have been sent to Camp Luna in Las Vegas, Air Bases in Albuquerque, Alamogordo, Carlsbad, Clovis, Deming, Hobbs and Roswell, the Kirtland Air Base Hospital and Camp Luna. These books were made possible by gifts of money and books from citizens for that purpose, and by permission granted the Commission to use state funds in this way. Several Air Bases now have civilian librarians and have worked with the Extension Service to get started in the drive.

In January the American Library Association initiated a series of Institutes on war and post-war planning at the Regional Institute held in Chicago. The Extension Service attended these Institutes and these in turn were expected to result in local Institutes. The purpose of these Institutes is to bring about an intelligent thinking along the lines of war and post-war planning and to aid in the eventual participation by all community endeavors. The director of the Extension Service was asked to be state coordinator for New Mexico.

In May the chairman of the State Library Commission and the director of the Extension Library were asked to be present at a meeting of the Rio Arriba County Development Association. It proved a most interesting meeting with the object of extending bookmobile service and visual education to Rio Arriba County. Mrs. Asplund, as chairman of the Commission, promised that books for the children of the county would be made available through the State Library Extension Service. Three hundred books were supplied for the first trip in July. It was expected that twenty-five little communities would be covered. Additional books will be added.

The bookmobile will carry motion picture equipment and show educational movies at each stop. It will make it possible for the Extension Library Service coming from the people of the county is evidence of a need which has long existed. It is hoped that the service can eventually be extended to Mora County and that a trained librarian can be had to make it as effective as possible. The bookmobile will also carry educational materials and show educational movies at each stop. It will make it possible for the Extension Library Service, coming from the people of the county, to bring educational services to the people of the county is evidence of a need which has long existed. It is hoped that the service can eventually be extended to Mora County and that a trained librarian can be had to make it as effective as possible.
only ten cents per capita for library service while the American Library Association estimates that $1.50 per capita is the least amount with which good library service can be provided. We believe that our people have never been more conscious of the value of books and libraries and hope that support will be increased to meet the needs of the present and the future.

In behalf of the Commission and the State Library Extension Service I should like to express the gratitude of the members and staff for the restoration of the 10% cut with which we started each year.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs.) Julia Brown Asplund, Chairman.
(Mrs.) Irene S. Peck, Executive Secretary and Director, State Library Extension Service.

STATISTICAL REPORT

BOOK STOCK
Volumes in library June 30, 1942 18,888
Accessions ....................................... 2,927
Withdrawals ................................. 2,944
Volumes in library June 30, 1943 18,781

CIRCULATION
Schools ....................................... 5,683
Libraries ..................................... 1,269
Individuals .................................. 3,693
Total volumes loaned July 1, 1942–June 30, 1943 12,665
Total volumes loaned July 1, 1942–June 30, 1943 11,395
Decrease ...................................... 1,271
Borrowers ..................................... 1,261

FINANCIAL REPORT, 1942-1943
Receipts
Appropriation by Legislature $8,000.00
Reimbursements .......................... 100.71
$8,100.71

DISBURSEMENTS
Salaries
Director .................................... $1,575.00
Assistant .......................... 1,400.00
Extra Help .......................... 115.54
Typist (part time) .................. 700.89
Racker (part time) .............. 127.80
Printing, Publishing, Post .......................... 235.63

INSURANCE Equipment .......................... 141.38
Books ........................................ 130.00
Quartermaster and transportation 2,202.70
$8,099.11

NEWS NOTES FROM NEW MEXICO LIBRARIES
Artesia
"As requested I will tell a few of our 'War Activities.' We have had three victory book campaigns in this district and each time the library has donated all the books we handled. We also conducted book sales and newspaper sales in order to sell the library. We plan to hold another Book Sale this month. We have been successful in our collecting of books and are now working on a War Loan Drive.

Mrs. N. C. Hartnell, Librarian.

Lordsburg
"Our decrease in circulation is due, first, to the great increase in volumes in the school library, second, to the arrest of the times and the transient conditions existing in Lordsburg.

"We have not had any special problems arising from war conditions. We changed the library hours so the service could attend when off duty, but since the Victory Book campaign, to which Lordsburg contributed 428 books, there has been but a sprinkling of the boys attending. In December the library was closed for three weeks for repairs.

Mathilde Johnson, Librarian.

Colmar
"Many of you may not know the little town of Colmar. It is in Colfax county and the 1940 census gives its population as one hundred and fifty. It has the famous little library built in a railroad box-car and Mrs. Dow is both chairman of the board and librarian. These news notes of community war activities are not all library work, but we think they are worth quoting. We suspect Mrs. Dow of being the motivating spirit behind it all. "Our New Mexico shelf has 37 volumes. Very few people left in our town—most of them busy with victory gardens, raising of cattle and sheep. All purchasing bonds and the children defense stamps. Community collected eleven tons of iron, fifteen hundred gallons of gas—individually I’ve turned in fifteen and a quarter pounds of tin foil, thirty-two pounds of aluminum—with others seven books to Victory Book drive, twenty-four from club, two and one-half pounds of razor blades—one hundred pounds iron to Girl Scouts in Springer, Bundles for Britain and thirty-seven pounds of fat for ammunition, large box of silk hose, Red Cross Drive in community $52.00, so feel we are helping some twenty-five of our boys who are in the service."

Mrs. W. A. Dow, Librarian.

New Mexico School of Mines
"Replying to your inquiry regarding what the library is contributing toward community war activities:

"First, we are cooperating in every way with the unit of Army trainees; some of whom are already here; helping the soldiers select books, giving information, etc. Keeping open stated hours on Sunday so that books may be obtained.

"Reports and literature coming to the school from government agencies that we think would be of interest to our clients we keep on the tables in an organized manner. Also I notice that globes and atlases are in demand, so these are kept where they may be easily consulted. Cooperate with the A.W.V.S. In fact, try to assist in any, and in the many ways a library can."

W. M. Speare, Librarian.

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Place</th>
<th>Library</th>
<th>Public Funds</th>
<th>Other Sources</th>
<th>Population Served</th>
<th>Volumes</th>
<th>Circulation</th>
<th>Borrowers</th>
<th>Hours Open</th>
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<td>2,584</td>
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<td>3,920</td>
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<td>7,792</td>
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<td>Taos</td>
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* No reports received from Española, Fort Sumner, Hagerman and Lovingston.
* Approximate.
** School library serving town.
*** Supported by University of New Mexico, the Harwood Foundation Board, and contributions.
Since a fairly large place is needed for storing and sorting, the members of the Library Board offered the periodical room in the basement as a place where the work could be done efficiently and satisfactorily. Six large book cases have been emptied to make room for the books, which must be kept separated until packed, and for magazines which are to be distributed to the local reading rooms mentioned above. A few women of the Library Board and members of the Woman's Club have done the work of sorting and distributing, and will continue to help with this most important task for the duration of the war.

Several months ago, the Office of Civilian Defense was instructed to arrange for a course in the elements of library science, which would be open to any woman who fulfilled the requirements and who might be interested in taking the instruction. The O. C. D. chairman turned the matter over to Mrs. Rupert Asplund, chairman of the State Library Commission. Mrs. Asplund, with the aid of the local librarians as instructors, planned and carried such a course in accordance with the governor's instructions. Six of the fifteen original members had to give up the work for various reasons, leaving nine to go on with the lessons. Of these nine, six have completed the twenty-four hours of class work and twenty-six hours of volunteer service in the three local libraries. Some of these plan to go on until they have given an additional fifty hours of service in the libraries, although they have already received their arm bands and certificates. This project was undertaken in order to give people an opportunity to be of use in the libraries of the country, where work has increased and staffs have been reduced for reasons of economy. The volunteers are doing routine tasks of all kinds without pay, in order to give overworked librarians more time for the professional side of their work. While not definitely a war activity, it is a most helpful service that public spirited women all over the country are rendering in keeping libraries going as nearly as possible under normal conditions.

With the progress of the war, there is an increase in the number of questions that need to be answered in the Public Library. To meet this need, a special collection of war material to which readers may turn for information on many subjects, has been assembled. Books about the war itself, books for the civilian interested in home defense, air raids, poison gas, fire control, army regulations, rules for the behavior of army and navy wives, army insignia, rationing, nutrition, victory gardens—anything that citizens are likely to ask for is provided as promptly as possible as the requests come in. The library is endeavoring to serve as a center of information for any person who may need help on any subject connected with the war and the changes it brings. Remembering that an informed people is a prepared people, the librarians realize their obligation to aid in this effort to be prepared.

Salome Anthony, Librarian.

**LAW LIBRARY ACQUIRES EARLY SESSION LAWS**

The law library has acquired numerous early session laws during the past few months through exchange with other libraries. Among them are a particularly fine run of Missouri laws for 1838, 1842, 1846, 1848-49, 1850-51, 1852-53, 1854-55, 1859-60, 1860-61, 1862, 1863-64, 1865-66, 1867, 1868-69, 1871. Since many of our early territorial laws were derived from Missouri these represent a valuable addition to the collection. The oldest session law obtained during this time was a copy of the Vermont sessions laws of 1818. Others of early vintage are: Illinois, 1854, 1861; Michigan, 1846, 1847; Pennsylvania, 1856; and Virginia, 1861-62.
NOTES FOR LIBRARIANS

Newberry and Caldecott Medals Awarded

The outstanding American awards for children’s literature have been announced. Elizabeth Janet Gray received the Newbery Medal for Adam of the Rocks and Barba Lee Burton received the Caldecott Medal for The Little House. Ordinarily the winners are announced at the annual conference of the American Library Association, which has been cancelled for 1943.

Both awards are conferred annually by the Association’s Division of Libraries for Children and Young People. The Newbery Medal goes to the author of the preceding year’s best contribution to American literature for children, while the Caldecott Medal is given to the artist responsible for the most distinguished picture book published in the United States during the same period.

The Newbery award is twenty-two years old this spring. The first gold medal went to Hendrik Willem Van Loon for The Story of Mankind, and the list of winners in other years included Hugh Lofting, Will James, Dhan Gopal minter, Rachel Field and Walter Edmonds.

Adam of the Road is a story of medieval England, at a time when Englishmen were becoming aware of the rights of the common man. The son of a troubadour, on his journeying through great cities, abbey towns and small villages, rubs shoulders with farmers, merchants and actors who typify the English spirit as it was then and is now. It is illustrated by Robert Lawson, who was himself a Caldecott Medal winner in 1941.

Miss Gray is already well-known for her stories about the United States in the Colonial period. She says she has been writing since she was 13, when she sold her first story to the Young Churchman for $2.00.

Virginia Lee Burton is a young artist who has had a varied career as dancing teacher, life saver and art instructor. She is now living in Gloucester, Massachusetts, with her sculptor husband, George Demetrios, and two children, Aris and Mia. The Little House recounts the experience of a farm cottage which in time finds itself engulfed by the city. In clever and original pictures, it conveys to the very young the transition of the American countryside from rural to urban population.

The Caldecott Medal and the Newbery Medal are both donated annually by Frederic G. Melcher, publisher of Publisher’s Weekly. Randolph Caldecott, for whom the Caldecott Medal is named, was a famous English illustrator of children’s books. John Newbery was an eighteenth century publisher who first conceived the idea of books especially written and printed for children.

Herald Tribune Awards

Following are the books selected at the Seventh Annual Children’s Spring Book Festival, sponsored by the New York Herald Tribune. Judges—Ruth Sawyer and Missa Peterham, for the first group; Joost Frank and Armstrong Sperry, for the second; Margaret Scoggin and Leo Lerman, for the third—all eminent in the field of literature for young folks.


Picture Books


Pulitzer Prize Winners, 1943


Children’s Book Week

Book Week, 1943 has been set for November 14-20. For the 25th year teachers, librarians, booksellers and group leaders will work with parents and children in an effort to increase individual and community interest in books for our young citizens.

The Book Week Festival with books can be the keynote of many constructive programs. Great progress has been made in the field of children’s books since 1919 when Book Week was started. 1943, however, is not merely a milestone but a challenge. Community groups, national organizations and govern- ment departments, with the help of the press and radio, will cooperate to build the future with books for tomorrow.

November 14-20 provides a focal point in the year when all of us who are concerned with the reading of our nation’s children can help to dramatize the increasing significance of young people’s books to our democracy.

Book Week organizers hope that you will renew your support of Book Week by giving the slogan editorial interpretation, and by making the dates widely known.

Book Week headquarters, 62 west 45th street, New York City will cooperate by supplying library prints or the new poster for reproduction in announcements and publicity. Posters and information for special articles may also be obtained from them.

Books on Food and Nutrition

Reprints of the annotated lists of books “More About Food and Nutrition” and “Keep the Flag Waving” may also be had from the American Library Association. These are authoritative books recommended by Dr. Helen S. Mitchel, assistant chief and chief of the Office of Defense Health and Welfare Services. Pamphlets and periodical material are in lists which first appeared in the A.L.A. Booklist. Libraries may do much to help home makers with their problems by supplying them these materials contained in such books and pamphlets.

GIRL SCOUTS

The State Library Extension Service has received a number of packets of Girl Scout literature useful to those who are organizing Scout troops. They will be sent out upon request.

RECRUITING FOR LIBRARY SERVICE

There is a great need for promising young men and women in the library profession. “Public Libraries in the Life of the Nation” by Beatrice Sawyer Boase has just been published by the State Library Extension Service Library. It interprets librarianship to those who may be recruited as promising professional material.

The Carnegie Endowment for International Peace announces that a series of lectures is being given by outstanding leaders in the fields relating to the post-war world, who will speak on the general subject BEYOND VICTORY. October 6 at KAVB-Carlsbad Sundays 12:30 p.m. October 7 at KWN—Hobbs Sundays 5:30 p.m. October 7 at KTWM—Taum Sauk Mondays 4:00 p.m. October 7 at KGFL—Roswell Sundays 7:30 p.m.

This series is sponsored jointly by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace and the World Wide Broadcasting Foundation. And will be initiated at an address by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University and of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, following questions on the covering of a war and a marine. Subsequent speakers will include Dr. James T. Shotwell, chairman of the committee on study of the organization of peace, H. John W. Davis, eminent international jurist, and Thomas A. Watson, chairman of the committee on economic reconstruction.
LAW LIBRARY SECTION

ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND REGULATIONS

Some twenty official agencies of the state of New Mexico have adopted and published rules and regulations pursuant to express or implied statutory authority. Printed in a code of New Mexico administrative rules and regulations these would fill a good-sized volume of several hundred pages.

The following is a list of these rules and regulations which are now on file at the supreme court library pursuant to the provisions of Sec. 3-713, 1941 Compilation. Printed copies of these rules and regulations may for the most part be obtained by writing directly to the agency which has adopted them:

Accountancy, State Board of—Regulations relating to Certified Public Accountants.

Bar Examiners, State Board of—Rules governing admission to the bar.

Carcin Tingley Hospital—By-laws governing requirements for treatment, emergency cases, correspondence, how to proceed to have a crippled child treated or admitted, visiting hours, etc.

Commissioners of the State Bar—Rules governing the Board of Commissioners, officers, committees, meetings, procedure for investigation and trial of charges of misconduct against attorneys, procedure relating to petitions for re-appointment or re-admission of members disbarred or suspended, delegates to American Bar Association meetings, and duties of members of the state bar.

Comptroller, State—Rules governing the expenditure of school funds.

2. Regulations governing the preparation of vouchers for expenditures of public moneys.

3. Travel regulations.

4. Regulations to govern preparation of motor vehicle reports, and reimbursement of gasoline, oil, and minor repairs incurred on state-owned motor vehicle equipment.

5. Procedures for departmental, institutional, county and municipal auditing.

Public Health, Department of—

1. Regulations governing the care of certain biologic preparations.

2. Regulations governing the protection of records of births and deaths.

3. Regulations concerning the control of communicable diseases.

4. Regulations prohibiting common drinking cups and common towels in public places.

5. Regulations governing the transportation of pupils.

6. Embalmers, Board of—Rules governing the Board of Embalmers of the State of New Mexico, its officers, applicants for license, apprentices and licensed embalmers.

2. Transportation rules.

Engineer, State—

1. General order of procedure for appropriating public surface waters.

2. Rules governing the filling of maps, plans, specifications, etc.

3. Rules of procedure for filings on waters from an underground source.

4. Rules and regulations regarding the enforcement of certain laws pertaining to the regulation of wells in the Pecos Valley Artesian Conservancy District.

Fair Commission, State—Rules and regulations.

Game Commission—

1. General game and fishing regulations (known as Regulation No. 57).

2. Regulations relating to season and bag limits.

Nurse Examiners, State Board of—

1. Regulations for the accreditation of a school of nursing.

2. Regulations governing reports to the Secretary of the Board of Nurse Examiners.

3. Regulations governing registration and licensure of graduate nurses.

Professional Engineer and Land Surveyors—Board of Registration for General by-laws and duties.

17. Regulations governing railway sanitation.

18. Regulations governing the sanitation of construction camps.

19. Regulations governing the employment of Sanitarians (Sanitary Inspectors).

20. Regulations governing the sanitation of foods and food-handling establishments.

21. Regulations governing the sanitation of public campgrounds.

22. Regulations governing the sanitation of public school buildings.

23. Regulations governing the operation of sewage treatment plants.

24. Regulations governing the handling and sale of shellfish.

25. Regulations governing water supplies and sewage disposal.

Public Lands, Commissioner of—

1. General regulations relating to grazing and agricultural leases.

2. Regulations relating to purchase of state lands.

3. Rules relating to contests affecting the right to use state lands.

4. General rules relating to oil and gas leases on state lands.

5. Rules of general application to all mineral leases other than oil and gas.

6. Rules and regulations relating to leases for gypsum, clay, sand, gravel, stone and other forms of bedded deposits.

7. Rules and regulations relating to prospecting permits and mining leases on placer deposits.

8. Rules and regulations relating to coal prospecting permits and coal leases on state land.

9. Special rules applicable to lode mining leases.
10. Rules and regulations relating to the locating, prospecting and leasing of state institutional lands of general application to all mineral leases, other than oil and gas.

11. Rules and regulations relating to leasing on state lands for potassium, sulphur, sodium, phosphorus, and other minerals of similar occurrence and their salts and compounds (excepting, however, sodium chloride, or common salt).

12. Rules and regulations relating to leasing of state lands for sodium chloride, or common salt.

13. Rules and regulations relating to the sale of timber on state lands.

Public Service Commission—
1. Rules of practice and procedure.
2. Tariff schedule rules.
3. Regulations to govern the preservation of records of public utilities.
4. Regulations governing refunding bond issues.
5. Electric rules and regulations.
7. Order adopting uniform system of accounts for electric utilities.
8. Order adopting uniform system of accounts for gas utilities.
9. Order adopting uniform system of accounts for water utilities.
10. Order adopting reports of certain proposed extensions.

State Library, Supreme Court—Regulations for use of the Supreme Court Library.

State Library Commission—Regulations and instructions of the State Library Extension Service.

It is entirely possible that some of the other agencies have adopted rules and regulations which have not yet appeared in printed or mimeographed form or which have not as yet been filed at the Supreme Court Library.

Arie Foldvaryart,
State Law Librarian.

BAR EXAM REVIEW MATERIAL

The law library has built up a collection of material particularly adapted for use by candidates for admission to the bar in reviewing for the bar examinations. Included in this material are such items as the following:


American Law Book Company—First Book of Bar Questions (1924).

American Law Book Company—Outlines for Review series; Outlines of agency bills and notes, contracts, corporations, equity, evidence, partnership, pleading, real property, tort, and wills.

American Correspondence School of Law—Cyclopedia of Law.

Ballentine—Law Problems and Solutions (2d ed.)

King—Legal Principles and Problems (1938).

Kinyon—How to study law and write law examinations (1940).

La Salle Extension University—American Law and Procedure (1923).

Marshall—Common legal principles (1938).

West Publishing Company—Hornbook series; hornbooks in banks and banking, contracts, corporations, criminal law, criminal procedure, criminal law, equity, evidence, interpretation of laws, judicial precedents, partnership and sales.

Miscellaneous case books in bills and notes, commercial law, constitutional law, elections, equity pleading, future interests, partnership, torts and trusts.

Many of these books were acquired as donations from members of the bar who passed the examinations in recent years. Any of these books may be withdrawn by candidates for the bar who have expressed their intention of taking the New Mexico bar examinations, upon arrangement therefor with the Supreme Court librarian.